

Geiger Counter Limited

Annual Report and Financial Statements

For the year ended 30 September 2016

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CORPORATE SUMMARY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Investment Objective

The investment objective of Geiger Counter Limited (the "Company") is to deliver attractive returns to shareholders principally in the form of capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Company has been established to invest in the securities of companies involved in the exploration, development and production of energy and related service companies in the energy sector including but not limited to, shares, convertibles, fixed income securities and warrants. The main focus of the Company is on companies involved in the uranium industry, but up to 30 per cent of gross assets may be invested in other resource-related companies.

Corporate Summary

The Company is a closed-ended investment company and was incorporated with limited liability in Jersey on 6 June 2006. The Company's shares are listed on the official list of the Channel Islands Securities Exchange Ltd and dealing commenced on 7 July 2006. The shares also trade on the London Stock Exchange SETS QX Electronic Trading Service.

The Company had a life of 5 years from the first closing date on 7 July 2006. A resolution was passed at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") held on 9 March 2016 to extend the life of the Company from the tenth anniversary of the First Closing Date until the next AGM. A similar resolution extending the life of the Company by a further year will be put to the 2017 AGM. These financial statements do not include any of the adjustments that may be required if the Company was not to continue as a going concern. Should the continuation vote fail to be passed, the Company would no longer be a going concern. In this instance within 4 months of the vote to continue failing, the Directors will be required to formulate and put to shareholders proposals relating to the future of the Company, having had regard to, inter alia, prevailing market conditions and the applicable regulations and legislation. The financial impact on the Company of not being a going concern would depend upon factors such as the timescale available for realising the Company's assets and market conditions at the point of disposal of these assets.

The Company's share capital structure consists of ordinary shares of no par value. The ordinary shares have the prospect of capital appreciation.

At the Company's AGM on 9 March 2016, the Directors passed a resolution under article 7.1 of the Company's Articles of Association to allow them to issue additional ordinary shares in one or more tranches over a period from the date of the AGM to the next AGM of the Company. It was agreed that any shares issued would be issued at a premium over the net asset value per share.

It was further agreed at the Company's AGM on 9 March 2016 that a special resolution be passed to authorise the Directors of the Company, pursuant to and in accordance with article 57 of the Companies (Jersey) Law, 1991 (as amended) to make market purchases of its own ordinary shares in the capital of the Company on such terms and in such manner as the Directors of the Company shall from time to time determine provided that:

(a) the maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares hereby authorised to be purchased shall be such number as represents 14.99 per cent of the aggregated number of ordinary shares in issue as at 9 March 2016;

(b) the minimum price which may be paid for an ordinary share shall be 1p;

(c) the maximum price exclusive of any expenses which may be paid for an ordinary share is an amount equal to the higher of 5 per cent above the average of the middle market quotations for an ordinary share as derived from the London Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which such ordinary share is contracted to be purchased;

(d) the authority hereby conferred shall expire on 18 months from the date of this Special Resolution, unless previously revoked, varied or renewed by the Company in general meeting;

(e) the Company may at any time prior to the expiry of such authority make a contract or contracts to purchase ordinary shares under such authority which will or might be completed or executed wholly or partly after the expiration of such authority and may make a purchase of ordinary shares in pursuance of any such contract or contracts;

(f) the Directors or the Company provide a statement of solvency in accordance with articles 53-57 of the law; and

(g) such shares are required for cancellation.

At 30 September 2016 the Company has net bank borrowings of £2.2 million (2015: £1.0 million) which rank for repayment ahead of any return of capital to shareholders.

At 30 September 2016 net assets were £15.9 million (2015: £11.5 million) and the market capitalisation was £12.5 million (2015: £9.8 million). At 14 December 2016, the last practicable date prior to signing the financial statements, the Company's net asset value was 22.5 pence per share (14 December 2015: 14.6 pence per share).



Dividends paid/declared during the year amounted to £nil (2015: £nil).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

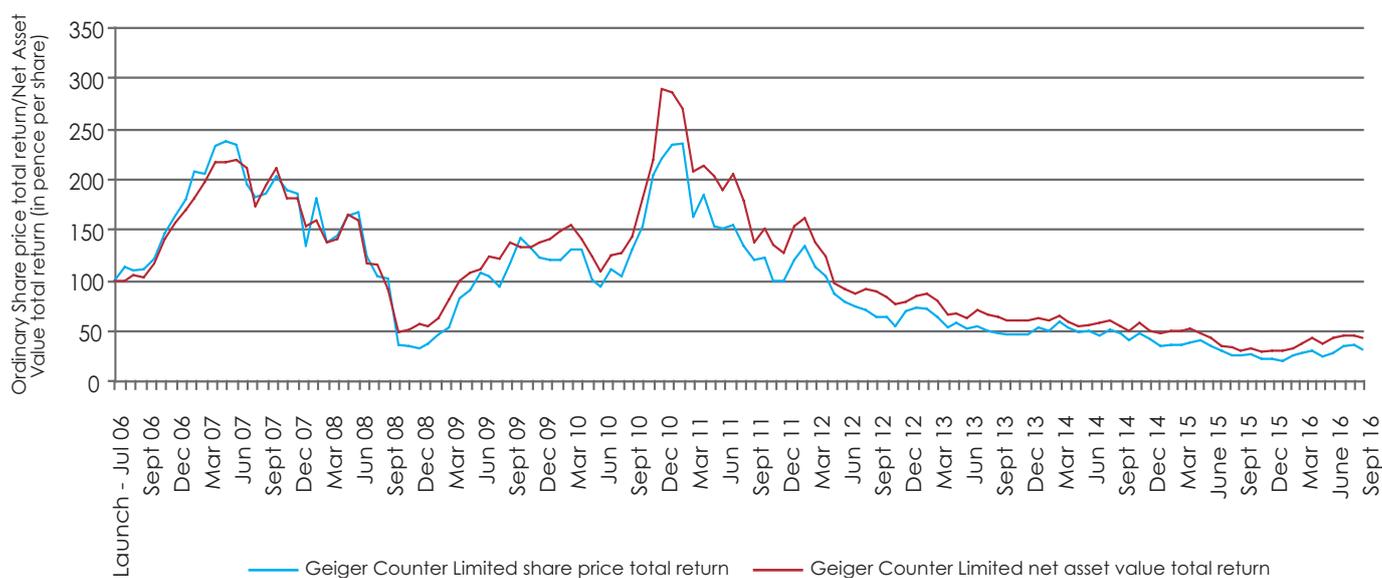
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Note	30 September 2016	30 September 2015	% Increase
Net asset value per ordinary share	3(g)*	21.07p	15.15p	39%
Ordinary share price		16.50p	13.00p	27%
Number of ordinary shares in issue	13**	75,584,492	75,584,492	–

* Note 3(g) is on page 25

** Note 13 is on page 31

Geiger Counter Limited's Net Asset Value Total Return and Share Price Total Return



Index: rebased to 100 at 6 July 2006.

Source: R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited.

BOARD MEMBERS, INVESTMENT MANAGER AND INVESTMENT ADVISER

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Chairman

George Baird, graduated from Dundee University in 1971, joined Arthur Young McLelland Moores & Co. and became a member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Scotland in 1975. After working in finance in Local Government in Scotland, he moved to Jersey in 1980 and was appointed Treasurer of the States of Jersey in 1991. Prior to his retirement in 2002 he was Finance Director with the Mourant Group. He is now a non-executive Director with several Channel Island based companies. George is a Jersey resident.

Directors

Richard Lockwood, was appointed to the Board on 1 May 2011 and brings over forty years experience in the mining industry, primarily with Hoare Govett where he was a partner. Richard was a founding Director of City Merchants High Yield Trust PLC, which he managed from May 1991 to April 2003. In June 2003, Richard joined Midas Capital Partners Limited, and Richard subsequently transferred to New City Investment Managers Limited in April 2005 where he ran the consistently top performing City Natural Resources Trust, retiring January 2012. Richard is also a Director of Ausgold Limited and A-Cap Resources Limited which are included in the Company's portfolio.

James Leahy, was appointed to the Board on 1 October 2014 and brings over 29 years' experience in institutional investment, latterly with a particular emphasis on the natural resources sector. He has worked on a wide range of projects worldwide, ranging from industrial minerals, precious metals, copper, diamonds, coal, uranium and iron ore. Having worked at James Capel, Credit Lyonnais, Nedbank, Canaccord and Mirabaud, he has substantial experience with international institutional fund managers, hedge funds and sector specialists. His extensive knowledge will be of great assistance to the Company as it continues to seek out investment opportunities with growth potential for the benefit of its shareholders.

He is currently a director on Bacanora Minerals.

Gary Clark, ACA, BEng (Hons) was appointed to the Board on 14 October 2015 and acts as an independent non-executive director for a number of boards which cover investment funds, fund managers and investment management for a variety of financial services business including Emirates, Standard Life, Blackstone and ICG.

Until 1 March 2011 he was a Managing Director at State Street and their Head of Hedge Fund Services in the Channel Islands. Mr Clark, a Chartered Accountant, graduated with a degree in mining engineering from Nottingham University in 1986, served as Chairman of the Jersey Fund Association from 2004 to 2007 and was Managing Director at AIB Fund Administrators Limited when it was acquired by Mourant in 2006. This business was sold to State Street in 2010. Prior to this Mr Clark was Managing Director of the futures broker, GNI (Channel Islands) Limited in Jersey.

A specialist in alternative investment funds, Mr Clark was one of a number of practitioners involved in a number of significant changes to the regulatory regime for funds in Jersey, including the move to function based regulation and introduction of both Jersey's Expert Funds and Jersey's Unregulated Funds regime.



BOARD MEMBERS, INVESTMENT MANAGER AND INVESTMENT ADVISER (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Investment Manager

CQS Cayman Limited Partnership ("CQS") is a limited partnership registered in the Cayman Islands. CQS is part of a global asset management firm with over US\$14 billion assets under management (including mandates with discretionary management, sub-investment discretionary management, investment advice, collateral management and intermediation).

The Board has delegated the management of the investment portfolio to CQS (the "Investment Manager") who have in turn delegated it to CQS (UK) LLP which trades as New City Investment Managers ("NCIM" and the "Investment Adviser").

Investment Adviser

NCIM was established by Richard Lockwood. Robert Crayfourd and Keith Watson are joint portfolio managers and are supported by the rest of the NCIM team.

Mr Robert Crayfourd joined CQS in 2011 and has worked as an analyst for the New City managed natural resources funds. Prior to joining CQS, Rob was an analyst at the Universities Superannuation Scheme and HSBC Global Asset Management where he focused on the resource sector. Rob is a CFA Charterholder.

Mr Watson joined CQS in July 2013 from Mirabaud Securities where he was a Senior Natural Resources Analyst. Prior to Mirabaud, Keith was Director of Mining Research at Evolution Securities.



CHAIRMAN'S STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

When I last wrote to Shareholders in June I commented that the six months to 31st March 2016 had been very interesting for investors in the uranium sector as some of the themes previously mentioned had finally come to pass. Six months further on and this story continues. The spot price of uranium (as measured by the U308 price) has fallen further and ended the financial year at \$22.38 per pound. Over the year the price fell by 40 per cent. Away from the spot price of uranium there were significant developments in the underlying uranium equity market. This was characterised by merger and acquisition transactions particularly in the Western Athabaskan area of Canada where Chinese state and private entities took significant stakes in some of the attractive plays.

For the year to 30th September 2016 the Company's net asset value rose by 39.1 per cent. The investment managers' report on the following page sets out the background to this strong performance and your Company has benefitted from the fact that we had exposure to many of the equities that attracted attention from China. We believe that this trend will continue as China and other emerging market economies continue to build new power stations. The falling spot price of uranium has the effect of curtailing supplies as it becomes more difficult to develop new resources due to cost pressures. We still follow progress in the Japanese nuclear restart programme but note this is a very slow process.

The Company's share price lagged the rise in the net asset value and rose by 26.9 per cent over the year with the discount being 21.7 per cent at the end of September.

Shareholders have the opportunity each year to vote on the continuation of the Company. Your Board is recommending that Shareholders vote in favour of continuation as we believe there are good opportunities to benefit from corporate consolidation in the uranium equity market.

I would like to thank all Shareholders for their interest and support for the Company. The last year has shown the potential from this unique asset class and the Board and the investment management team look forward to achieving better returns for Shareholders in the months and years to come.

George Baird

Chairman

December 2016



INVESTMENT ADVISER'S REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

With its more predictable demand cycle uranium avoided the deflationary affects which impacted most other industrial commodities from early 2014 and which culminated in their downward price spiral during January this year. Unfortunately uranium's resilient performance has subsequently unwound and following a 2.5% price rise in the year to September 2015 the spot price declined 40% over the following twelve months with declines occurring as other industrial commodities began to recover from their January lows. Despite the disappointing backdrop the Company's performance has nevertheless proved very resilient with the Net Asset Value per share rising 39% with strong performances from Athabasca explorers Nexgen and Purepoint being the prime contributors. By comparison the Solactive Uranium Index and the URA uranium equity ETF generated sterling returns of 15% and 9% respectively.

Arguably prompting the uranium commodity price sell off, Japan's reactivation plans continue to suffer inertia. Promising news in early January regarding the country's nuclear restart unfortunately stalled as two reactors at Takahama, of four reactors restarted, again shut down and remain off-line largely in response to local opposition to their operation. Public opinion runs counter to central government plans to reactivate its cheaper-to-run installed nuclear capacity. Nuclear's competitive cost of production remains fundamentally attractive, underpinning the government's drive to restart power stations. Notwithstanding the prospect of deteriorating air quality recent price increases of imported LNG and thermal coal will have only extended the relatively cost advantage of nuclear over fossil fuels for the nation. Both factors may help soften local resistance. Away from Japan, pro-nuclear support in the US state of New York illustrates political recognition of nuclear within the country's power generating mix, having an approximate 19% share of the market. The US election outcome could similarly support the nation's nuclear power industry. This is particularly relevant when considering regional incentives offered to assist market penetration of renewable energy which, despite extreme variability in supplying grid power, now rivals nuclear.

The primary driver to NAV performance remains the substantial growth plans of developing markets. In particular China's environmental policy to improve air quality and integral to this, its motivation to expand nuclear power generating capacity. This has seen significant interest in securing long-term supply. Indeed China has followed through on explicit statements early in the year that it was seeking to acquire strategic uranium supplies investing directly in projects owned by Fission Uranium and latterly in NexGen. This has driven strong equity performance from these and neighbouring explorers.

Currency has also made a positive contribution to NAV performance as non-sterling equity holdings protected shareholders from sterling weakness post BREXIT. Elsewhere, the weakness of the Kazakh Tenge has had minimal impact on regional mine output, estimated to represent approximately 40% of global primary U3O8 production. Illustrating challenging economics faced even by low cost Kazakh producers, the Naserbayev administration reiterated that it expects the country's production to remain stable following its re-election, despite the cost relief resulting from its currency devaluation.

In contrast, production from larger commercial producers such as Cameco, Rio Tinto and Paladin has been curtailed as they retrench strategy to focus on their lowest cost mines and deliver only into higher priced legacy contracts. This marks an important step in the uranium cycle helping to rebalance the market. Similarly retirement of marginal enrichment capacity, recently announced by Urenco, illustrates the challenging conditions in this segment of the market. This too represents a helpful indicator to the uranium cycle. The removal of spare enrichment capacity, which allowed longer processing cycle times allowed more usable fuel to be squeezed from U3O8 feed, should ease.

Recent safety checks on steam generators at five French reactors, which necessitated them being taken offline, has also weighed sentiment. France could be reliant on imported, fossil fuel power over the winter, ironically the polar opposite of the intended aim to reduce greenhouse gas emissions of the Paris Accord. As a result prices have slipped further with the U3O8 spot price of US\$18.75/lb at the time of writing. Notably, however, having traded at a discount for much of the last year the share price of the physically backed ETF UPC has returned to a premium pointing to an improvement in prices. Reflecting a similarly positive stance the Company has increased exposure to the sector, most recently participating in a recent UPC equity placing, the proceeds of which it use to acquire U3O8. The Fund has also repurchased shares in Athabaskan explorers having reduced exposure over summer.

Robert Crayford and Keith Watson

New City Investment Managers

December 2016



INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO (BY GEOGRAPHICAL AREA)

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Holding	Investment	Bid Market Valuation £'000	% of Net Assets
	Listed Equities		
	Australia		
10,584,650	Paladin Energy AUD	937	5.9
6,136,506	Northern Minerals	453	2.8
1,723,072	Laramide Resources	248	1.6
6,847,164	A-Cap Resources	246	1.5
850,000	Alkane Resources	241	1.5
7,350,000	Ausgold	187	1.2
	Other holdings (8 investments)	374	2.3
		2,686	16.8
	Canada		
1,961,102	Nexgen Energy	2,268	14.2
982,300	Uranium Participation	2,260	14.2
4,776,321	Fission Uranium	1,738	10.9
3,990,665	UR-Energy USD	1,478	9.3
202,200	Cameco CAD	1,331	8.4
3,325,120	Denison Mines CAD	1,191	7.5
15,933,333	Purepoint Uranium	982	6.2
7,067,000	Kivalliq Energy	332	2.1
839,500	CanAlaska Uranium	246	1.5
	Other holdings (2 investments)	137	0.9
		11,963	75.2
	China		
1,600,000	CGN Power	364	2.3
		364	2.3
	Spain		
1,691,387	Berkeley Energia	784	4.9
		784	4.9
	United States of America		
441,997	Energy Fuels USD	542	3.4
		542	3.4
	Zambia		
7,312,500	African Energy Resources	173	1.1
		173	1.1
	Other Listed Equity Securities (3 investments)	175	1.1
	Listed Warrants (1 investment)	–	0.0
	Unlisted Securities (6 investments)	1,446	9.1
	Unlisted Warrants (6 investments)	23	0.1
	Total Investments	18,156	114.0
	Other Net Current Liabilities	(2,232)	(14.0)
	Net Assets	15,924	100.0



DIRECTORS' REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

The Directors present the annual report and financial statements for Geiger Counter Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 September 2016. The results for the year are set out in the attached financial statements.

Principal Activity and Status

The Company is a closed-ended investment company and was incorporated with limited liability in Jersey on 6 June 2006.

The Company was originally formed as a Jersey Expert Fund and transferred to a Jersey Listed Fund with effect from 6 March 2007. The Company's shares are listed on the official list of the Channel Islands Securities Exchange Ltd and dealing commenced on 7 July 2006. The shares also trade on the London Stock Exchange SETS QX Electronic Trading Service.

The Company originally had a life of 5 years from the first closing date of 7 July 2006 (the "Term") which was since extended. A resolution was passed at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") held on 9 March 2016 to extend the life of the Company from the tenth anniversary of the First Closing Date until the next AGM. A similar resolution extending the life of the Company by a further year will be put to the 2017 AGM.

In accordance with article 46.1 of the Company's Article of Association, the Directors propose to pass an ordinary resolution to defer the winding up of the Company by a further year from the eleventh anniversary of the First Closing Date until the next annual general meeting of the Company when a further extension will be sought. If the deferral period is not passed, the Company shall be wound up, and the liquidator will, subject to law, apply the assets of the Company in such manner and order as he thinks fit in satisfaction of creditors' claims as per articles 46.2 – 46.4 of the Company's Article of Association. These financial statements do not include any of the adjustments that may be required if the Company was not to continue as a going concern. Should the continuation vote fail to be passed, the Company would no longer be a going concern. In this instance within 4 months of the vote to continue failing, the Directors will be required to formulate and put to shareholders proposals relating to the future of the Company, having had regard to, inter alia, prevailing market conditions and the applicable regulations and legislation. The financial impact on the Company of not being a going concern would depend upon factors such as the timescale available for realising the Company's assets and market conditions at the point of disposal of these assets.

The Company's share capital structure consists of ordinary shares of no par value. The ordinary shares have the prospect of capital appreciation.

The Company is a member of the Association of Investment Companies ("AIC").

Investment Objective

The investment objective of the Company is to deliver attractive returns to shareholders principally in the form of capital growth.

Investment Policy

The Company has been established to invest in the securities of companies involved in the exploration, development and production of energy, and related service companies, for both existing and alternative supplies and types of energy including, but not limited to, shares, convertibles, fixed income securities and warrants. Up to 30 per cent of assets may be invested in other resource-related companies.

Continuation Vote

At the Annual General Meeting to be held in March 2017, a resolution will be proposed that the Company will continue in existence in its current form. If the resolution is not passed, then within 4 months of the vote to continue failing, the Directors will be required to formulate and put to shareholders proposals relating to the future of the Company, having had regard to, inter alia, prevailing market conditions and the applicable regulations and legislation. If the resolution is passed, the Company will continue its operations and a similar resolution will be put to shareholders at every annual general meeting thereafter. The Board believe that the continuation of the Company and the continuing appointments of the investment manager are in the interest of shareholders as a whole. Further information on the going concern of the Company is disclosed in the principal activity and status note above.

Management

The Board has delegated the management of the investments portfolio to CQS Cayman Limited Partnership (the "Investment Manager") who in turn has delegated management to CQS (UK) LLP who trade as New City Investment Managers (the "Investment Adviser") with Robert Crayford and Keith Watson as Senior Portfolio Managers. The Board of Directors of the Company (the "Board") regularly review the performance of the Investment Manager and Adviser, the level and method of remuneration and the notice period. Following the most recent performance review, the Directors have decided to continue with the appointment of the Investment Manager and Adviser which was held to be in the best interest of the shareholders as a whole. CQS (UK) LLP have a twelve month notice period as stated in the investment management agreement.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Administrator

The administration and company secretarial function of the Company has been contracted to R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited.

Custodian

Custody and settlement services are undertaken by Credit Suisse AG, Dublin Branch in accordance with the master Prime Brokerage Agreement. The Board have delegated the exercise of voting rights attached to the Company's investments to the Investment Adviser.

All other matters are reserved for the approval of the Board.

Financial Adviser and Corporate Broker

Cantor Fitzgerald Europe acts as financial adviser and corporate broker to the Company.

Financial Statements

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware and that they have taken the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Remuneration of the Alternative Investment Fund Manager

The below information provides the total remuneration paid by the AIFM during the year to 30 September 2016. This has been presented in line with the information available to the Fund. There is no allocation made by the AIFM to each AIF and as such the disclosure reflects the remuneration paid to individuals who are partly or fully involved in the AIF.

Of the total remuneration paid of \$78.5m for the year ended 30 September 2016 to 201 individuals (full time equivalent), \$32.2m has been paid as fixed remuneration determined based upon the FCA guidance with the remainder being paid as variable remuneration.

The AIFM has assessed the members of staff whom it determines to be code staff in line with AIFMD as reflected in SYSC 19b.3.4R. Senior management and staff engaged in the control functions are identified based upon their roles and responsibilities within the AIFM. With respect to investment professionals, in determining whether such staff are code staff, due consideration is taken of the allocated capital and trading limits that apply to the Fund managed and whether the individuals report into and seek consent for investment decisions from others who are themselves code staff. There are 15 individuals (full time equivalent) who meet this definition and these individuals have collectively been compensated \$26.3m.

Not all individuals are directly remunerated by the AIFM due to the structure of the AIFM entity, however in the interests of meeting the underlying requirement of this disclosure all staff involved have been assessed as if directly remunerated by the AIFM.

Directors' Interests

Biographies of the Directors are shown on page 5.

The Directors who held office during the year and their interests in the shares of the Company as at 30 September 2016 were:

	Ordinary Shares 2016	Ordinary Shares 2015
G Baird (Chairman)	–	–
G Clark (Appointed 14 October 2015)	100,000	–
J Leahy	–	–
R Lockwood	3,584,000	3,584,000
G Ross (Resigned 14 October 2015)	–	–

There have been no changes in the holdings of the existing Directors between 30 September 2016 and 15 December 2016.

On 14 October 2015 Gary Clark was appointed as Director of the Company. The appointment was announced on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange Ltd on 14 October 2015.

Mr G Ross is a former Director of the Company and also a director of R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited, the Company's administrator, who provide fund administration services to the Company. Further information is disclosed in note 17. Mr G Ross resigned as Director of the Company on 14 October 2015.

No other Director has any other material interest in any contract to which the Company is a party.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Shareholders' Interests

No individual shareholder held more than 10 per cent of the ordinary shares in issue at 30 September 2016, 30 September 2015 or at the date of issuing these financial statements.

The Company is aware of combined holders who hold more than 10 per cent of the ordinary shares in issue as follows; City of London Investment Management Company Limited with 11.26 per cent holding and Miton Group PLC with 11.47 per cent holding.

Corporate Governance

As an investment company, most of the Company's day to day responsibilities are delegated to third parties and all of the Directors are non-executive. As a Jersey incorporated company, the Company is required to comply with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. The Company is also regulated by the Jersey Financial Services Commission as a listed fund in accordance with the Collective Investment Funds (Jersey) Law 1988 (the "CIF Law") and the Jersey Listed Fund Guide (April 2012) ("the Guide") and holds a certificate issued under the CIF Law dated 6 June 2006. As such the Company is required to comply with the conditions of the CIF Law and any subordinate legislation made thereunder (including codes of practice), its certificate and the requirements of the Guide.

The Directors have taken the action that they consider appropriate to ensure that the appropriate level of corporate governance for an investment company incorporated in Jersey whose securities are listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange Ltd, is attained and maintained.

Board Responsibilities

The Board of Directors is responsible for the corporate governance of the Company. The Directors will ensure that the Company's operations are conducted reasonably and within the framework of any applicable laws, regulations, rules, guidelines and codes as well as established policies and procedures. The Directors will regularly assess and document whether its approach to corporate governance achieves its objectives and, consequently, whether the Board itself is fulfilling its own responsibilities. The Board will review the effectiveness of its overall approach to governance and make changes where that effectiveness needs to be enhanced.

The Board meets quarterly with the Investment Adviser and the Administrator and between these formal meetings there is regular contact with each party. The Directors are kept fully informed of investment and financial controls, and other matters that are relevant to the business of the Company and should be brought to the attention of the Directors. The Directors also have access to the Administrator and, where necessary in the furtherance of their duties, to independent professional advice at the expense of the Company. The Directors are responsible for the appointment and monitoring of all services providers of the Company.

Directors have attended Board meetings during the year ended 30 September 2016 as follows:

	Held	Attended
G Baird (Chairman)	4	4
G Clark (Appointed 14 October 2015)	4	4
J Leahy	4	4
R Lockwood	4	4
G Ross (Resigned 14 October 2015)	–	–

Audit and Risk Committee

The Audit and Risk Committee consists of Mr G Clark, Mr G Baird and Mr J Leahy. The Committee operates within clearly defined terms of reference and has recent and relevant financial experience. The duties of the Committee in discharging its responsibilities include reviewing the Annual and Interim Accounts, the terms of appointment of the auditors together with their remuneration and review of their independence, objectivity and effectiveness of the audit process and to review the system of internal control. It provides a forum through which the auditor may report to the Board of Directors.

Remuneration Committee

Due to the size of the Company the Directors have decided not to have a Remuneration Committee. The determination of the Directors' fees is a matter dealt with by the whole Board.

Going Concern

At the next AGM to be held on 7 March 2017 it is proposed, in accordance with article 46.1 of the Company's Article of Association, to pass an ordinary resolution to defer the winding up of the Company by a further year. Based on advice provided by the Investment Adviser, the Directors have no reason to believe that shareholders wish to wind-up the Company, therefore the Directors are of the opinion that the resolution will be passed on this basis and are satisfied that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements and, after due consideration, the Directors consider that the Company is able to continue for the foreseeable future. Further information on the going concern of the Company is disclosed in the principal activity and status note on page 10.



DIRECTORS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Directors' Authority to Allot Shares

In accordance with the Articles of Association ("Articles") an ordinary resolution, Resolution 5, will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") authorising the Directors to issue new ordinary shares at a premium to the net asset value. During the year the Company did not issue any ordinary shares (2015: nil).

Directors' Authority to Buy Back Shares

The Company did not purchase any ordinary shares for cancellation during the year (2015: nil).

Relations with Shareholders

The Company welcomes the views of shareholders and places great importance on communication with them. The Investment Adviser maintains a regular dialogue with institutional shareholders, the feedback from which is reported to the Board. The Annual General Meeting of the Company provides a forum, both formal and informal, for shareholders to meet and discuss issues with the Directors and Investment Adviser of the Company. The Secretary is available to answer general shareholder queries at any time throughout the year.

Creditor Payment Policy

It is the policy of the Company to settle all investment transactions in accordance with the terms and conditions of the relevant markets in which it operates. All other expenses are paid on a timely basis in the ordinary course of business.

Auditor

KPMG were appointed on 9 July 2010. The audit partner in charge is rotated every five years. KPMG Channel Islands Limited have indicated their willingness to continue in office as auditor and a resolution proposing their re-appointment and to authorise the Directors to determine their remuneration will be proposed at the forthcoming AGM.

Events after the Reporting Date

The Directors are not aware of any other developments that might have a significant effect on the operations of the Company in subsequent financial periods not already disclosed in this report or the attached financial statements.

Social, Community, Employee Responsibilities and Environmental Policy

The Directors recognise that their first duty is to act in the best financial interests of the Company's shareholders and to achieve good financial returns against acceptable levels of risk, in accordance with the objectives of the Company. In asking the Company's Investment Manager to deliver against these objectives, they have also requested that the Investment Manager take into account the broader social, ethical and environmental issues of companies within the Company's portfolio, acknowledging that companies failing to manage these issues adequately run a long term risk to the sustainability of their businesses. More specifically, they expect companies to demonstrate ethical conduct, effective management of their stakeholder relationships, responsible management and mitigation of social and environmental impacts, as well as due regard for wider societal issues. As an investment company with its current structure the Company has no direct social, community, employee or environmental responsibilities of its own.

The Company has no greenhouse gas emissions to report from its operations for the year ended 30 September 2016 and prior year, nor does it have responsibility for any other emissions producing sources under the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Reports) Regulations 2013 (including those within the underlying investment portfolio).

The Company has no employees so does not require to report further on gender diversity.

Recommendation

The Directors consider the passing of the resolutions to be proposed at the 2017 AGM to be in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders and are likely to promote the success of the Company for the benefit of its shareholders as a whole. Accordingly, the Directors unanimously recommend that shareholders should vote in favour of the resolutions, as they intend to do in respect of their own beneficial shareholdings amounting to 3,684,000 (2015: 3,584,000) ordinary shares.

There is no significant impact expected with regards to Brexit. The Board will be keeping a close eye on developments but they do not presently expect there to be any impact on the Fund's operations.

By order of the Board

R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited

Company Secretary

Ordnance House, 31 Pier Road, St Helier, Jersey, JE4 8PW

15 December 2016



DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

An ordinary resolution for the approval of this report will be put to shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting as Resolution 3.

The Board consists solely of non-executive Directors and considers, at least annually, the level of the Directors' fees, in accordance with the UK Corporate Governance Code. The administrator provides information on comparative levels of Directors' fees to the Board in advance of each review.

Policy on Directors' Fees

It is the Company's policy that the remuneration of non-executive Directors should reflect the experience of the Board as a whole, be fair and comparable to that of other relevant investment companies that are similar in size and have similar investment objectives and structures. Furthermore, the level of remuneration should be sufficient to attract and retain the Directors needed to oversee properly the Company and to reflect the specific circumstances of the Company, the duties and responsibilities of the Directors and the value and amount of time committed to the Company's affairs. It is intended that this policy will continue for the year ending 30 September 2017 and subsequent years.

No element of the Directors' remuneration is performance-related.

The Directors' interest in contractual arrangements with the Company are as shown on page 11 and in note 17 to the financial statements. No other Directors were interested in contracts with the Company during the year or subsequently.

No Director past or present has any entitlement to pension, and the Company has not awarded any share options or long-term performance incentives to any of the Directors.

Directors' and Officers' liability insurance cover is maintained by the Company on behalf of the Directors.

Directors' Service Contracts

It is the Board's policy that Directors do not have service contracts, but new Directors are provided with a letter of appointment.

Company Performance

The Board is responsible for the Company's investment strategy and performance, although the management of the Company's investment portfolio is delegated to the Investment Manager through the Investment Management Agreement.

Details of the Company's performance over the year can be found on page 4.



DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION REPORT (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Directors' Emoluments for the Year (audited)

The Directors who served in the year received the following in the form of fees:

	30 September 2016	30 September 2015
	£	£
G Baird (Chairman)	19,200	19,200
G Clark (Appointed 14 October 2015)	13,852	–
J Leahy	14,400	14,400
R Lockwood	14,400	14,400
G Ross (Resigned 14 October 2015)	–	–
	61,852	48,000

The fee of Mr G Ross forms part of the administration fee outlined in note 17.

On behalf of the Board

George Baird
Chairman

15 December 2016



STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

The Directors are responsible for preparing the annual report and financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("IFRS").

Under company law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates which are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business. The Directors have prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis, which is subject to the continuation vote described in note 2 (e).

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. They have general responsibilities for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the Board

George Baird
Chairman

15 December 2016

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF GEIGER COUNTER LIMITED

We have audited the financial statements of Geiger Counter Limited (the "Company") for the year ended 30 September 2016 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with Article 113A of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 16, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the directors; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all of the financial and non-financial information in the Annual Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2016 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Steven Hunt

For and on behalf of KPMG Channel Islands Limited

Chartered Accountants

37 Esplanade

St Helier

Jersey, JE4 8WQ

15 December 2016



STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 Revenue £'000	2016 Capital £'000	2016 Total £'000	2015 Revenue £'000	2015 Capital £'000	2015 Total £'000
Capital gains/(losses) on investments							
Gains/(losses) on investments held at fair value	9	–	5,192	5,192	–	(8,328)	(8,328)
Exchange (losses)/gains		–	(238)	(238)	–	1	1
		–	4,954	4,954	–	(8,327)	(8,327)
Revenue							
Income	5	51	–	51	47	–	47
Total income/(expense)		51	4,954	5,005	47	(8,327)	(8,280)
Expenditure							
Investment manager's fee	6	–	(226)	(226)	–	(266)	(266)
Other expenses	7	(251)	–	(251)	(256)	–	(256)
Total expenditure		(251)	(226)	(477)	(256)	(266)	(522)
Loss/(profit) before finance costs and taxation							
Finance costs		(200)	4,728	4,528	(209)	(8,593)	(8,802)
(Loss)/profit before taxation		(200)	4,682	4,482	(209)	(8,654)	(8,863)
Irrecoverable withholding taxation	3(f)	(12)	–	(12)	(12)	–	(12)
(Loss)/profit after taxation		(212)	4,682	4,470	(221)	(8,654)	(8,875)
Total comprehensive (expense)/income		(212)	4,682	4,470	(221)	(8,654)	(8,875)
Return per ordinary share (pence per share)							
	3(g),8	(0.28)p	6.19p	5.91p	(0.29)p	(11.45)p	(11.74)p

All items in the above statement are derived from continuing operations.

The Company has no items of other comprehensive income.

The total column in the above statement is the Statement of Comprehensive Income of the Company but has been separated to provide additional information to shareholders on the component contributions from the Company's activities.

The notes on pages 22 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Notes	Stated Capital £'000	Capital Reserve £'000	Revenue Reserve £'000	Total £'000
Opening equity shareholders' funds at 1 October 2014	13,14	55,043	(36,156)	1,442	20,329
Total comprehensive expense for the year	14	–	(8,654)	(221)	(8,875)
Closing equity shareholders' funds at 30 September 2015	13,14	55,043	(44,810)	1,221	11,454
Opening equity shareholders' funds at 1 October 2015	13,14	55,043	(44,810)	1,221	11,454
Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the year	14	–	4,682	(212)	4,470
Closing equity shareholders' funds at 30 September 2016	13,14	55,043	(40,128)	1,009	15,924

The revenue and capital reserves, taken together, comprise the Company's total retained earnings for the year but have been separated to provide additional information to shareholders on the component contributions from the Company's activities.

The notes on pages 22 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Non current assets			
Investments held at fair value through profit or loss	9	18,156	12,523
Current assets			
Other receivables	10	24	25
Cash and cash equivalents		384	206
		408	231
Total assets		18,564	12,754
Current liabilities			
Bank overdraft	11	(2,565)	(1,228)
Other payables	12	(75)	(72)
Total liabilities		(2,640)	(1,300)
Net assets		15,924	11,454
Stated capital and reserves			
Stated capital	13	55,043	55,043
Capital reserve	14	(40,128)	(44,810)
Revenue reserve	14	1,009	1,221
Equity shareholders' funds		15,924	11,454
Number of ordinary shares in issue	13	75,584,492	75,584,492
Net asset value per ordinary share (pence)	3(g)	21.07p	15.15p

The financial statements on pages 18 to 36 were approved by the Board of Directors on 15 December 2016 and were signed on its behalf by:

G Clark

Director

The notes on pages 22 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Notes	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit/(loss) after taxation		4,470	(8,875)
Adjustments for:			
Investment income – equities	5	(51)	(47)
Net unrealised (gain)/loss on investments	9	(9,637)	4,771
Realised loss on disposal of non-derivative investments	9	4,445	3,557
Exchange losses/(gains)		238	(1)
Interest expense		46	61
Irrecoverable withholding taxation		12	12
		(477)	(522)
Changes in working capital:			
Decrease/(increase) in other receivables		1	(1)
Decrease in other payables		(1)	(28)
Net cash used in operating activities		(477)	(551)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Purchase of investments	9	(3,238)	(2,896)
Proceeds from sale of investments	9	2,797	5,196
Investment income received	5	51	47
Net cash (used in)/from investing activities		(390)	2,347
Cash flows from financing activities			
Increase/(repayment) of bank overdraft		1,337	(1,518)
Interest paid		(42)	(61)
Irrecoverable withholding taxation paid		(12)	(12)
Net cash from/(used in) financing activities		1,283	(1,591)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents			
		416	205
Net debt at the beginning of the year		(1,022)	(2,746)
(Increase)/repayment of bank overdraft		(1,337)	1,518
Exchange (losses)/gains		(238)	1
Net debt at the end of the year		(2,181)	(1,022)
Represented by:			
Cash and cash equivalents		384	206
Bank overdraft		(2,565)	(1,228)
Net debt at the end of the year		(2,181)	(1,022)

The notes on pages 22 to 36 form an integral part of these financial statements.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

1. General Information

Geiger Counter Limited (the "Company") was incorporated in Jersey on 6 June 2006 as a limited liability public company. On 6 March 2007 the Company transferred from the Jersey Expert Fund Regime to the Jersey Listed Fund Regime. The Company is incorporated and domiciled in Jersey, Channel Islands. The nature of the Company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report on pages 10-13. The address of the registered office is given within corporate information on page 42.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 15 December 2016.

2. Basis of Preparation

(a) Statement of Compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union ("IFRS"), the Companies (Jersey) Law 1991 and on a going concern basis.

(b) Basis of Measurement

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, except for financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss and derivative financial instruments which are measured at fair value.

(c) Functional and Presentational Currency

These financial statements are presented in Pounds Sterling, which is the Company's functional currency and are rounded to the nearest thousand except where otherwise indicated.

(d) Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements necessarily requires the exercise of judgement both in application of accounting policies which are set out below and in the selection of assumptions used in the calculation of estimates. These estimates and judgements are reviewed on an ongoing basis and are continually evaluated based on historical experience and other factors. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected. However, actual results may differ from these estimates. The most significant judgements are the valuation of unlisted investments and continuing to use a going concern basis to prepare the financial statements given the continuation vote in March 2017 (see note 2(e) below).

As at 30 September 2016, included in investments at fair value through profit or loss were 7 (2015: 5) unquoted investments valued at £1,470,084 (2015: £431,910), the original cost of which totalled £2,054,559 (2015: £1,840,181). These investments are not quoted on an exchange, and as such their valuation relies on a degree of informed judgement from the Investment Adviser and the Board of Directors.

Information about significant areas of estimation, uncertainty and critical judgements in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are disclosed in notes 9 and 16.

(e) Going Concern

At the next AGM to be held on 7 March 2017 it is proposed, in accordance with article 46.1 of the Company's Articles of Association to pass an ordinary resolution to defer the winding up of the Company by a further year. Based on advice provided by the Investment Adviser, the Directors have no reason to believe that shareholders wish to wind-up the Company, therefore the Directors are of the opinion that the resolution will be passed and on this basis are satisfied that it is appropriate to continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements, and, after due consideration, the Directors consider that the Company is able to continue in the foreseeable future.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

2. Basis of Preparation (continued)

(e) Going Concern (continued)

These financial statements do not include any of the adjustments that may be required if the Company was not to continue as a going concern. Should the continuation vote fail to be passed, the Company would no longer be a going concern. In this instance within 4 months of the vote to continue failing, the Directors will be required to formulate and put to shareholders proposals relating to the future of the Company, having had regard to, inter alia, prevailing market conditions and the applicable regulations and legislation. The financial impact on the Company of not being a going concern would depend upon factors such as the timescale available for realising the Company's assets and market conditions at the point of disposal of these assets.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Financial Assets and Liabilities at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

(i) Classification

The Company classifies its investments as financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. These are financial instruments held for investment purposes. Financial assets also include cash and cash equivalents as well as other receivables. Financial liabilities include bank overdrafts and other payables.

(ii) Recognition and derecognition

Purchase or sales of investments are recognised/derecognised on the trade date, being the date on which the Company commits to purchase/sell the investments. Investments are initially recognised at cost and are subsequently carried at fair value with any resultant gain or loss recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Investments are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Transaction costs are capitalised and therefore shown in the Statement of Financial Position rather than being expensed and shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income as required under IAS 39 but the effect is not material. The Company uses the weighted average method to determine realised gains and losses on derecognition.

(iii) Measurement of quoted investments

Listed securities are valued at bid price or last traded price, depending on the convention of the exchange on which the investment is listed, adjusted for accrued income (which is recorded separately within other receivables) where it is reflected in the market price.

(iv) Measurement of unquoted investments

Investments which are not listed or where trading in the securities of an investee company is suspended are valued at the Investments Advisers' best estimate of fair value. Unquoted investment valuations are reviewed and approved by the Directors on the basis of the advice received from the Investment Adviser who, prior to giving advice has reviewed the available financial and trading information of the investee company, covenant compliance, ability to repay the interest and cash balances. For convertible bonds this includes consideration of the discounted cash flows of the interest and principal underlying equity value. The estimated fair values may differ from the values that would have been realised had a ready market for these holdings existed and the difference could be material.

Many of the unquoted investments are minority interests and as such there is limited financial information available for the purpose of investment valuation.

Realised and unrealised gains or losses on investments are taken to the Capital Reserve and included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(iv) Measurement of unquoted investments (continued)

The fair value of the unquoted investments is reassessed on an ongoing basis by the Investment Adviser and Manager and is revised periodically by the Board of Directors.

The method used to value unquoted financial assets is disclosed in note 9.

(b) Income and Expenses

(i) Deposit interest is accrued on a daily basis.

(ii) Investment income is accounted for as follows:

- Interest on fixed interest securities is accounted for on an accruals basis;
- Dividend income is accounted for when investments held become ex-dividend and is disclosed gross of withholding tax deducted at source.

(c) Foreign Currencies

(i) Foreign currency income and expenditure is converted into the functional currency at the exchange rate ruling at the time of the transaction.

(ii) Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date.

(iii) Foreign currency exchange gains and losses are accounted for in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

(d) Finance Costs

Finance costs are accounted for on an accrual basis. Finance costs of debt insofar as they relate to the financing of the Company's investments or to financing activities aimed at maintaining or enhancing the value of the Company's investments, are charged to capital in accordance with the Board's expected long-term split of returns.

(e) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the Statement of Cash Flows.

(f) Taxation

The Company is subject to Jersey Income tax. The Jersey Income Tax rate for the foreseeable future is zero per cent (2015: zero per cent).

Withholding taxes have been disclosed separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in accordance with IAS 12 "Income Taxes".

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) Net Asset Value per Share and Return per Share

The net asset value per share at the reporting date is calculated by dividing the net assets included in the Statement of Financial Position by the number of ordinary shares in issue at the year end.

The return per ordinary share is calculated by dividing the total comprehensive income for the year included in the Statement of Comprehensive Income by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year. The weighted average number of shares at 30 September 2016 was 75,584,492 (2015: 75,584,492).

(h) Listing

The Company was incorporated on 6 June 2006 and was established in Jersey, Channel Islands under the Expert Fund Regime. On 6 March 2007 the company transferred from the Jersey Expert Fund Regime to the Jersey Listed Fund Regime.

The Company is listed on the Channel Islands Securities Exchange Ltd and trades on the London Stock Exchange SETS qx Electronic Trading Service.

(i) Reserves

Included in retained earnings are the following sub-categories:

Capital Reserve

The following are accounted for in this reserve:

- gains and losses on the sale of investments;
- realised and unrealised exchange differences on transactions of a capital nature;
- expense and finance costs charged in accordance with the policies above; and
- increases and decreases in the valuation of investments held at the year end.

Revenue Reserve

The net income/(expense) arising in the revenue column of the Statement of Comprehensive Income is added to or deducted from this reserve and is available for paying dividends.

(j) New and Amended Standards Effective on or After 1 October 2015 and Standards, Amendments and Interpretations That Are Not Yet Effective and Have Not Been Early Adopted by the Company

The following new relevant standards or amendments to standards have been issued but are not yet effective and have not been early adopted.

- IFRS 9 – “Financial Instruments” – effective 1 January 2018

IFRS 9 represents the first of a three part project to replace IAS 39 “Financial Instruments Recognition and Measurement”. The objective of the standard is to enhance the ability of investors and other users of financial information to understand the accounting of financial assets and to reduce complexity.

IFRS 9 is still to be adopted by the European Union.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(j) New and Amended Standards Effective on or After 1 October 2015 and Standards, Amendments and Interpretations That Are Not Yet Effective and Have Not Been Early Adopted by the Company (continued)

The Directors have not yet fully assessed the impact of this new standard on the financial statements.

(k) Capital Risk Management

The Company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of its net debt ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings (included borrowings and trade and other payables) as shown in the Statement of Financial Position less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity, as shown in the Statement of Financial Position, plus net debt.

The net debt ratio at 30 September was as follows:

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Net debt	(2,256)	(1,094)
Total capital	18,180	12,548
Total equity	15,924	11,454
Net debt ratio	(12.4)%	(8.7)%

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

4. Geographical Analysis of Income, Assets and Liabilities

The Company's management does not use segmental reporting to analyse its portfolios performance by investment sector, as its holdings are primarily energy-related stocks. The Company's management does however analyse its income and investments on a geographical basis. A summary is provided below.

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Income by location		
- Canada	43	47
- China	8	–
Total income by location	51	47
	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Assets by location		
- Africa	–	64
- Australia	2,702	3,362
- Canada	12,463	7,611
- China	364	302
- Europe	25	3
- Niger	962	–
- Spain	784	–
- Tanzania	150	165
- United Kingdom	399	224
- USA	542	847
- Zambia	173	176
Total assets by location	18,564	12,754
	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Liabilities by location		
- United Kingdom	2,640	1,300
Total liabilities by location	2,640	1,300

5. Income

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Investment income – equities	51	47
Total income	51	47

6. Investment Management Fee and Investment Performance Fee

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Investment management fee	226	266

The Investment Manager received an annual fee at the rate of 1.375 per cent per annum of the Company's net asset value after adding back any accrued performance fees and bank borrowings.

The balance due to CQS for the investment management fee at the year end was £20,769 (2015: £14,400).

In addition, the Investment Manager is entitled to a performance fee at the rate of 20 per cent of out-performance above an 8 per cent per annum hurdle with a high watermark provision. There are no performance fees for the year to 30 September 2016 (2015: £nil). The performance fee is calculated and paid annually based on the value of the Company at 30 September each year.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

7. Other Expenses

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Administration fee	75	75
Directors' fees	62	48
Audit fee	19	24
Registrar fee	11	10
Depository fee	17	17
Other expenses	67	82
Total other expenses	251	256

The Company has an agreement with R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited (the "Administrator") to provide administrative, compliance oversight and company secretarial services to the Company. Under the administration agreement, the Administrator is entitled to a fee based on the gross asset value of the Company. The fund administration fee is calculated as 0.1 per cent of gross assets up to £50 million and 0.075 per cent of gross assets in excess of £50 million with an overall minimum fee of £75,000 per annum and an overall maximum fee of £115,000 per annum. The fee included the Director's fee payable to Mr Ross before his resignation on 14 October 2015. Total fees paid to the Administrator in the year are shown in note 17.

The Company has an agreement with Computershare Investor Services (Jersey) Limited (the "Registrar") to provide registrar services. Under the registrar agreement the Registrar is entitled to a fee of £4 per Shareholder per annum subject to a minimum fee of £8,000 and an Intra-Crest Fee of £0.25 per transfer. The total fees incurred under this agreement were £11,030 (2015: £9,752), of which £1,884 (2015: £963) was outstanding at the year end.

The Company has an agreement with Indos Financial Limited (the "Depository") to provide depository services. Under this agreement the Depository is entitled to a monthly fee of £1,400 in respect of AIFMD Depository-lite services plus one-off project and disbursement fees. The total fees incurred under this agreement were £16,861 (2015: £16,855), of which £1,442 (2015: £1,381) was outstanding at the year end.

The remuneration paid to the Chairman, the highest paid Director, for the year was £19,200 (2015: £19,200).

The audit fee of £19,117 (2015: £24,396) includes an accrual of £22,000 (2015: £24,000) in respect of the year end audit and an overaccrual of £2,883 for the 2015 year-end audit.

No pension contributions were payable in respect of any of the Directors.

The Company does not have any employees.

8. Return Per Ordinary Share

	2016 Revenue pence	2016 Capital pence	2016 Total pence	2015 Revenue pence	2015 Capital pence	2015 Total pence
Ordinary share	(0.28)p	6.19p	5.91p	(0.29)p	(11.45)p	(11.74)p

The revenue return per ordinary share is based on a net loss after tax of £212,358 (2015: £220,814) and on a weighted average number of ordinary shares of 75,584,492 (2015: 75,584,492). The capital return per ordinary share is based on a profit after taxation for the year of £4,681,789 (2015: £8,653,978 loss) and on a weighted average number of ordinary shares of 75,584,492 (2015: 75,584,492).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

9. Investments Held At Fair Value Through Profit or Loss

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Investments listed/quoted on a recognised stock exchange	16,686	12,091
Unquoted investments	1,470	432
	18,156	12,523

IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments and Disclosures" and IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" requires an analysis of investments valued at fair value based on the reliability and significance of information used to measure their fair value. The level is determined by the lowest (that is the least reliable or independently observable) level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement for the individual investments in its entirety as follows:

- Level 1 - investments quoted in an active market ("quoted investments");
- Level 2 - investments whose fair value is based directly on observable current market prices or indirectly being derived from market prices;
- Level 3 - investments whose fair value is determined using a valuation technique based on assumptions that are not supported by observable current market prices or based on observable market data ("unquoted investments").

	2016				2015			
	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000	Level 1 £'000	Level 2 £'000	Level 3 £'000	Total £'000
Opening book cost	39,772	–	1,840	41,612	45,353	–	2,116	47,469
Opening fair value adjustment	(27,681)	–	(1,408)	(29,089)	(23,222)	–	(1,096)	(24,318)
Opening valuation	12,091	–	432	12,523	22,131	–	1,020	23,151
Movements in the year:								
Purchases at cost	3,238	–	–	3,238	2,807	–	89	2,896
Transfers between levels	(214)	–	214	–	–	–	–	–
Sales - proceeds	(2,797)	–	–	(2,797)	(4,831)	–	(365)	(5,196)
- realised losses on sales	(4,445)	–	–	(4,445)	(3,557)	–	–	(3,557)
Increase/(decrease) in fair value adjustment	8,813	–	824	9,637	(4,459)	–	(312)	(4,771)
Closing valuation	16,686	–	1,470	18,156	12,091	–	432	12,523
Closing book cost	35,554	–	2,054	37,608	39,772	–	1,840	41,612
Closing fair value adjustment	(18,868)	–	(584)	(19,452)	(27,681)	–	(1,408)	(29,089)
Closing valuation	16,686	–	1,470	18,156	12,091	–	432	12,523

The Company recognises transfers between levels of the fair value hierarchy at the end of the reporting period during which the change has occurred. Transfers from Level 1 to Level 3 during the year occurred due to a demerger and a change in status to an unlisted public company. There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 3 during the prior year.

A review was made of the valuation of unquoted investments as part of the process of preparing these financial statements. This review looked at each unquoted investment in isolation and considered the macro and micro economic environments in which they operate and recent over-the-counter transactions in the securities of the investee companies. The fair value is determined by the Investment Adviser using a variety of methods.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

9. Investments Held At Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (continued)

The following table shows the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 3 fair values, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

Type	Valuation technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Sensitivity to changes in significant unobservable input
* Unquoted Investments	Market comparison technique: The instruments are valued with reference to an independent pricing source taking into account quotes from dealers and/or market makers. In the absence of these sources the fair value is determined by the Investment Adviser through a valuation committee using a variety of methods. These methods included discounting latest or expected subscription prices, discounting the last sales price, discounting stale prices where no further market information is available on the issuing entity and discounting for lack of liquidity in the market.	Discount rate 7% - 100% (2015: 6% - 100%) Weighted average discount rate 93.0% (2015: 98.8%)	The estimated fair value would increase if: • The discount rate is reduced

The gains and losses included in the table above have all been recognised within the Statement of Comprehensive Income on page 18. The Directors believe that the use of reasonable possible alternative assumptions for its Level 3 holdings would not result in a valuation materially different from the valuation included in these financial statements.

*Unquoted investments include an investment in High Power Exploration which had a successful and significant fund raising event from private investors in November 2015 achieving \$1.78 per share. The Directors have applied a 30% discount on this fund raising price in the financial statements as at 30 September 2016. The Investment Committee continually monitors High Power Exploration for any update, such as follow-on fund raising events, which may influence the quantum of the discount applied. The discount of 30% represents a significant judgment applied by the Directors.

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Gains/(losses) on investments		
Realised losses on disposal of investments	(4,445)	(3,557)
Unrealised movement in fair value	9,637	(4,771)
Gains/(losses) on investments	5,192	(8,328)

As a result of fair value reviews undertaken in the year, a positive fair value adjustment of £823,796 (2015: a negative adjustment of £311,822) was recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the unquoted investments.

10. Other Receivables

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Prepayments and other debtors	15	18
Dividends receivable	9	7
Total other receivables	24	25

11. Bank Overdraft

At 30 September 2016 the Company had overdrawn cash positions totalling £2,565,130 (2015: £1,228,480) through its credit facility with Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited ("Credit Suisse"). The credit facility provided by Credit Suisse allows the Company to borrow up to the maximum of the collateral/margin held. Interest paid on the overdraft is at the base rate of LIBOR plus 1.75 per cent.

As security for the overdraft, Credit Suisse hold by way of a fixed charge, any and all right, title and interest to all cash held by a Credit Suisse entity (including cash held as Margin) and all assets other than specified assets (whether or not held in an account, and including assets held as Margin); and by way of a first floating charge, any and all right, title and interest in and to any covered agreement.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

12. Other Payables

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Investment manager's fee	21	14
Fund administration fee	19	19
Audit fee	22	24
Bank interest	4	3
Other expenses	9	12
Total other payables	75	72

13. Stated Capital

Authorised

The authorised ordinary share capital of the Company is represented by 200,000,000 ordinary shares of no par value and 50,000,000 subscription shares of no par value.

Allotted, called up and fully-paid

	Number of ordinary shares	£'000
Total issued share capital at 1 October 2014	75,584,492	55,043
Total issued share capital at 30 September 2015	75,584,492	55,043
Total issued share capital at 1 October 2015	75,584,492	55,043
Total issued share capital at 30 September 2016	75,584,492	55,043

Each holder of ordinary shares is entitled to attend and vote at all annual general meetings that are held by the Company. Each holder is also entitled to receive payment of a dividend should the Company declare such a dividend payment.

Major customers

The Company regards its shareholders as customers as it relies on their funding for continuing operations and meeting its objectives. The Company's shareholding structure is not exposed to a significant shareholder concentration. No individual shareholder held more than 10 per cent of the ordinary shares in issue at 30 September 2016, 30 September 2015 or at the date of issuing these financial statements.

The Company is aware of combined holders who hold more than 10 per cent of the ordinary shares in issue as follows; City of London Investment Management Company Limited with 11.26 per cent holding and Miton Group PLC with 11.47 per cent holding.

14. Reserves

	Capital Reserve £'000	Revenue Reserve £'000	Total Retained Earnings £'000
Balance as at 1 October 2014	(36,156)	1,442	(34,714)
Retained loss for the year	(8,654)	(221)	(8,875)
Balance as at 30 September 2015	(44,810)	1,221	(43,589)
Balance as at 1 October 2015	(44,810)	1,221	(43,589)
Retained profit/(loss) for the year	4,682	(212)	4,470
Balance as at 30 September 2016	(40,128)	1,009	(39,119)



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

15. Employee Information

The Company employed no staff during the year to 30 September 2016. Therefore, no remuneration was paid to any staff during the year to 30 September 2016, other than fees paid to the Directors as outlined in note 17.

16. Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments comprise its investment portfolio, cash balances, bank overdrafts and receivables and payables that arise directly from its operations. As an investment company, the Company holds a portfolio of financial assets in pursuit of its investment objective. The Company uses flexible borrowings for short term purposes and to seek to enhance the returns to shareholders, when considered appropriate by the Investment Adviser.

Investments held (see note 9) are valued at fair value. For listed securities this is either bid price or the last traded price depending on the convention of the exchange on which the investment is listed. Unlisted investments are approved by the Directors on the basis of advice received from the Investment Adviser. The fair value of all other financial assets and liabilities is represented by their carrying value in the Statement of Financial Position shown on page 20.

The main risks that the Company faces arising from its financial instruments are:

- (i) market price risk, being the risk that the value of investment holdings will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices caused by factors other than interest rate or currency rate movements;
- (ii) interest rate risk, being the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates;
- (iii) foreign currency risk, being the risk that the value of investment holdings, investment purchases, investment sales and income will fluctuate because of movements in currency exchange rates;
- (iv) credit risk, being the risk that a counterparty to a financial instruments will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Company; and
- (v) liquidity risk, being the risk that the bank may demand repayment of the overdraft or that the Company may not be able to liquidate its investments on a timely basis.

The Company held the following categories of financial instruments as at 30 September:

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Financial assets		
Investment portfolio	18,156	12,523
Other receivables	24	25
Cash and cash equivalents	384	206
Financial liabilities		
Bank overdraft	2,565	1,228
Interest on bank overdraft	4	3
Other payables	71	69

(a) Market price risk

Market price risk arises mainly from uncertainty about future prices of financial instruments held. It represents the potential loss the Company might suffer through holding market positions in the face of price movements. The Company invests in only one sector, energy related companies. Stock selection is based on disciplined accounting, market and sector analysis. An appropriate spread of investments is held in this sector across different countries and companies involved in the exploration and development of new energies and energy production.

The Investment Adviser actively monitors market prices throughout the financial year and reports to the Board, which meets regularly in order to consider investment strategy. Investment and portfolio performance are discussed in more detail in the Investment Adviser's Report.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

16. Financial Instruments (continued)

(a) Market price risk (continued)

If the investment portfolio valuation fell 10 per cent at 30 September 2016 (2015: 10 per cent), the impact on the profit or loss and the net asset value would have been negative £1.8 million (2015: negative £1.3 million). If the investment portfolio valuation rose by the same amount, the effect would have been equal and opposite. The calculations are based on the portfolio valuation at the reporting date and are not representative of the period as a whole, and may not be reflective of future market conditions.

(b) Interest rate risk

Financial assets

Bond and preference share yields, and their prices, are determined by market perception as to the appropriate level of yields given the economic background. Key determinants include economic growth prospects, inflation, Government fiscal positions, short term interest rates and international market comparisons. The Investment Adviser takes all these factors into account when making any investment decisions as well as considering the financial standing of the potential investee company.

Returns from bonds and preference shares are fixed at the time of purchases, as the fixed coupon payments are known, as are the final redemption proceeds. Consequentially, if a bond is held until its redemption date, the total return achieved is unaltered from its purchase date. However, over the life of a bond the market price at any given time will depend on the market environment at that time. Therefore, a bond sold before its redemption date is likely to have a different price to its purchase level and a profit or loss may be incurred. Interest rate risk on fixed interest instruments is considered to be part of market price risk as disclosed above.

There were no bonds held at the year end.

Floating rate

When the Company retains cash balances they are held in floating rate deposit accounts. The benchmark rate which determines the interest payments received on interest bearing cash balances is the bank base rate for the relevant currency for each deposit.

Financial liabilities

The Board sets borrowing limits to ensure gearing levels are appropriate to market conditions and reviews these on a regular basis. If LIBOR increased by 0.5 per cent, the impact on the profit or loss would have been a loss of £12,826 (2015: £6,142). If LIBOR decreased by 0.5 per cent, the impact on the profit or loss would have been equal and opposite. The calculations are based on net debt as at the respective reporting dates and are not representative of the year as a whole.

At the year end, the Company had borrowings of £2,565,130 (2015: £1,228,480) in place with Credit Suisse, details are contained in note 11 on page 30. The Company may utilise the bank overdraft to meet any liabilities due. The Company has borrowed in sterling at the variable rate of LIBOR + 1.75 per cent.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

16. Financial Instruments (continued)

(c) Foreign currency risk

The Company invests in overseas securities and may hold foreign currency cash balances which give rise to currency risks. It is not the Company's policy to hedge this risk on a continuing basis but it may do so from time to time.

Currency exposure at 30 September was as follows:

	2016 Investments £'000	2016 Net Cash £'000	2016 Other net current (liabilities)/assets £'000	2016 Total £'000	2015 Investments £'000	2015 Net Cash £'000	2015 Other net current (liabilities)/assets £'000	2015 Total £'000
Sterling	103	(2,478)	(60)	(2,435)	236	(82)	(54)	100
Australian Dollar	3,457	161	–	3,618	3,356	(155)	–	3,201
Canadian Dollar	12,212	(87)	9	12,134	6,712	(966)	7	5,753
Hong Kong Dollar	364	7	–	371	302	(25)	–	277
US dollar	2,020	216	–	2,236	1,917	206	–	2,123
Total	18,156	(2,181)	(51)	15,924	12,523	(1,022)	(47)	11,454

In accordance with the Company's policy, the Investment Manager monitors the Company's currency position on a daily basis and the Board of Directors review it periodically.

If the value of sterling had weakened against each of the currencies in the portfolio by 10 per cent (2015: 5 per cent), the impact on the profit or loss and the net asset value would have been positive £1,835,854 (2015: positive £567,686). If the value of sterling had strengthened by the same amount the effect would have been equal and opposite. The calculations are based on the portfolio valuation and accrued income balances at the reporting date and are not representative of the period as a whole and may not be reflective of future market conditions.

(d) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Company. The Investment Manager has in place a monitoring procedure in respect of counterparty risk which is reviewed on an ongoing basis. The carrying amounts of financial assets best represent the maximum risk exposure at the reporting date.

At the reporting date, the Company's financial assets exposed to credit risk amounted to the following:

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Investments	18,156	12,523
Cash and cash equivalents	384	206
Other receivables	24	25
	18,564	12,754

The Company only settles investments through its prime broker agreement with Credit Suisse, the Company's custodian. All cash held by the Company is also held by Credit Suisse. Credit Suisse has been approved by the Investment Adviser as an acceptable counterparty. Credit Suisse currently hold a Standard and Poor's long term counterparty credit rating of A-1, as at 21 November 2016.

Bankruptcy or insolvency of the custodian may cause the Company's rights with respect to the cash and securities held by the custodian to be delayed or limited.

Should the credit quality or the financial position of Credit Suisse deteriorate significantly the Investment Adviser will move the cash holdings to another bank.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

16. Financial Instruments (continued)

(d) Credit risk (continued)

The Company did not have any exposure to any financial assets which were past due or impaired as at 30 September 2015 and as at 30 September 2016.

There were no significant concentrations of credit risk to counterparties at 30 September 2016. No individual investment exceeded 14 per cent (2015: 16 per cent) of the net assets attributable to the Company's shareholders at 30 September 2016.

(e) Liquidity risk

The Company's financial instruments include investments which are not traded in an organised public market and which generally may be illiquid. As a result, the Company may not be able to liquidate these investments at an amount close to their fair value. The Company's quoted investments are considered to be readily realisable.

At the reporting date, the Company's investments were categorised as follows:

	2016 £'000	2015 £'000
Listed/quoted on a recognised stock exchange	16,686	12,091
Unquoted investments	1,470	432
	18,156	12,523

The Company's liquidity risk is managed on an ongoing basis by the Investment Adviser in accordance with policies and procedures in place as described in the Directors' Report. The Company's overall liquidity risks are monitored on a quarterly basis by the Board. The Company maintains sufficient cash, has a short term overdraft facility and holds sufficient readily realisable securities to pay accounts payable and accrued expenses. The Company also maintains sufficient cash and readily realisable securities to meet any demand repayment on its overdraft facility. All of the Company's liabilities are due within one year.

In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these: monitoring Statement of Financial Position liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements; and maintaining debt financing plans.

17. Related Parties Transactions and Balances

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions.

Investment Manager

Details of the fee arrangements with the Investment Manager are disclosed in note 6.

Secretarial and administration fee

The Company has engaged the services of R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited ("R&H") to provide secretarial and administrative services. Graeme Ross, a former Director of the Company, is also a director and shareholder of R&H. Total Company administration fees for the year amounted to £75,205 (2015: £75,000), with outstanding accrued fees of £18,904 (2015: £18,816) at the end of the year. Graeme Ross resigned as Director of the Company on 14 October 2015.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

17. Related Parties Transactions and Balances (continued)

Board of Directors' remuneration

The Company had four Directors during the year. Total remuneration paid to Directors for the year amounted to £61,852 (2015: £48,000), with outstanding accrued fees of £nil (2015: £nil) at the end of the year. For the full analysis of the fees charged by each Director, please refer to page 15. All remuneration was in the form of cash.

Directors' interests in the Company are disclosed on page 11.

Total expenses incurred from the above transactions are disclosed in notes 6 and 7.

18. Events After the Reporting Date

There were no material post-reporting date events.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Notice is hereby given that the tenth Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of Geiger Counter Limited will be held at Ordnance House, 31 Pier Road, St Helier, Jersey, JE4 8PW at 11am on 7 March 2017 to consider the following resolutions:-

Ordinary Business

As ordinary business, to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions which will be proposed as Ordinary Resolutions:

1. To receive and adopt the Report of the Directors and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2016, together with the auditor's report thereon.
2. That KPMG Channel Islands Limited, Chartered Accountants, be re-appointed as Auditor and that the Directors be authorised to determine their remuneration.
3. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 September 2016.
4. That, pursuant to article 46.1 of the Articles of Association of the Company ("the Articles"), the Directors shall extend the life of the Company from the eleventh anniversary of the First Closing Date until the next annual general meeting of the Company, when a further extension will be sought.
5. That ordinary shares (the "new shares") may be issued by the Company in one or more tranches over a period from the date of the AGM to the next AGM of the Company, at a premium over the net asset value per share and that such issue of new shares is approved in accordance with article 7.1 of the Company's Articles.
6. To re-elect George Baird, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director
7. To re-elect Gary Clark, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director.
8. To re-elect James Leahy, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director.
9. To re-elect Richard Lockwood, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director.

Special Business

As special business to consider and, if thought fit, pass the following resolutions which will be proposed as Special Resolutions:

10. That the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised, pursuant to and in accordance with article 57 of the Companies (Jersey) Law, 1991 (as amended) (the "Law") to make market purchases of its own ordinary shares in the capital of the Company (the "ordinary shares") on such terms and in such manner as the Directors of the Company shall from time to time determine, provided that:
 - (a) the maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares hereby authorised to be purchased shall be such number as represents 14.99 per cent of the aggregate number of ordinary shares in issue as at 7 March 2017;
 - (b) the minimum price which may be paid for an ordinary share shall be 1p;
 - (c) the maximum price exclusive of any expenses which may be paid for an ordinary share is an amount equal to the higher of 5 per cent above the average of the middle market quotations for an ordinary share as derived from the London Stock Exchange for the five business days immediately preceding the date on which such ordinary share is contracted to be purchased;
 - (d) the authority hereby conferred shall expire on 18 months from the date of this Special Resolution, unless previously revoked, varied or renewed by the Company in general meeting;
 - (e) the Company may at any time prior to the expiry of such authority make a contract or contracts to purchase ordinary shares under such authority which will or might be completed or executed wholly or partly after the expiration of such authority and may make a purchase of ordinary shares in pursuance of any such contract or contracts;
 - (f) the Directors of the Company provide a statement of solvency in accordance with Articles 53-57 of the Law; and
 - (g) such shares are acquired for cancellation.

By Order of the Board

For R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited
Company Secretary
Ordnance House
31 Pier Road
St Helier
Jersey JE4 8PW

Dated 15 December 2016



NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

Proxies:

1. Any member entitled to attend and vote is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend, and, on a poll, to vote in their stead. A proxy need not also be a shareholder.
2. A member may appoint a proxy of their own choice. If such an appointment is made, delete the words "the Chairman of the Meeting" and insert the name of the person appointed proxy in the space provided.
3. In the case of joint holders, the signatures of one of the holders will suffice but the names of the joint holders must be stated.
4. To be valid, this form of proxy must reach Computershare Investor Services Limited, The Pavilions, Bridgwater Road, Bristol, BS99 6ZH by 11am on Friday 3 March 2017.





FORM OF PROXY

GEIGER COUNTER LIMITED

To be used for the tenth Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the above named Company to be held at Ordnance House, 31 Pier Road, St Helier, Jersey, JE4 8PW at 11am on 7 March 2017. For the use of holders of ordinary shares.

I/We
(Please use block letters)

of
being (a) Member(s) of Geiger Counter Limited hereby appoint the Chairman of the meeting, failing whom

.....
(see Note(1))

As my/our proxy to vote for me/us on my/our behalf at the tenth Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held at Ordnance House, 31 Pier Road, St Helier, Jersey, Channel Islands, JE4 8PW on 7 March 2017 and at any adjournment thereof.

I/We hereby authorise and instruct my/our said proxy to vote as indicated above on the resolutions to be proposed at such Meeting. Unless otherwise directed the proxy will vote or abstain from voting as he thinks fit.

ORDINARY RESOLUTIONS	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN (NOTE 6)
1. To receive and adopt the Report of the Directors and the financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 September 2016, together with the auditor's report thereon.			
2. That KPMG Channel Islands Limited, Chartered Accountants, be re-appointed as Auditor and that the Directors be authorised to determine their remuneration.			
3. To approve the Directors' Remuneration Report for the year ended 30 September 2016.			
4. That, pursuant to article 46.1 of the articles of association of the Company (the "Articles"), the Directors shall extend the life of the Company from the eleventh anniversary of the First Closing Date until the next annual general meeting of the Company, when a further extension will be sought.			
5. That ordinary shares (the "new shares") may be issued by the Company in one or more tranches over a period from the date of the AGM to the next AGM of the Company, at a premium over the net asset value per share and that such issue of new shares is approved in accordance with article 7.1 of the Company's Articles.			
6. To re-elect George Baird, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director.			
7. To re-elect Gary Clark, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director.			
8. To re-elect James Leahy, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director.			
9. To re-elect Richard Lockwood, a Director retiring by rotation, as a Director.			

SPECIAL RESOLUTION	FOR	AGAINST	ABSTAIN (NOTE 6)
<p>10. That the Company be and is hereby generally and unconditionally authorised, pursuant to and in accordance with article 57 of the Companies (Jersey) Law, 1991 (as amended) (the "Law") to make market purchases of its own ordinary shares in the capital of the Company (the "ordinary shares") on such terms and in such manner as the Directors of the Company shall from time to time determine, provided that:</p> <p>(a) the maximum aggregate number of ordinary shares hereby authorised to be purchased shall be such number as represents 14.99 per cent of the aggregate number of ordinary shares in issue as at 7 March 2017;</p> <p>(b) the minimum price which may be paid for an ordinary share shall be 1p;</p> <p>(c) the maximum price exclusive of any expenses which may be paid for an ordinary share is an amount equal to the higher of 5 per cent above the average of the middle market quotations for an ordinary share as derived from the London Stock Exchange the five business days immediately preceding the date on which such ordinary share is contracted to be purchased;</p> <p>(d) the authority hereby conferred shall expire on 18 months from the date of this Special Resolution, unless previously revoked, varied or renewed by the Company in general meeting;</p> <p>(e) the Company may at any time prior to the expiry of such authority make a contract or contracts to purchase ordinary shares under such authority which will or might be completed or executed wholly or partly after the expiration of such authority and may make a purchase of ordinary shares in pursuance of any such contract or contracts;</p> <p>(f) the Directors of the Company provide a statement of solvency in accordance with articles 53-57 of the Law; and</p> <p>(g) such shares are acquired for cancellation.</p>			



FORM OF PROXY (CONTINUED)

GEIGER COUNTER LIMITED

Dated this day of 2016/2017

Signature(s)

NOTES:

- (1) If you wish to appoint as your proxy some person other than the Chairman of the Meeting please insert in BLOCK CAPITALS the full names of the person of your choice, delete the words ("Chairman of the Meeting, failing whom" and initial the amendment).
- (2) This proxy (and the Power of Attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified or office copy thereof) must be deposited with the Company's Registrar (Computershare Investor Services Limited, The Pavilions, Bridgwater Road, Bristol, BS99 67H) by 11am on Friday 3 March 2017.
- (3) If the appointer is a Corporation this Proxy must be executed under its Common Seal or under the hand of some Officer or Attorney duly authorised in that behalf.
- (4) In the case of joint holders, the signatures of one of the holders will suffice but the names of the joint holders must be stated.
- (5) Pursuant to article 40 of the Companies (Uncertificated Securities) (Jersey) Order 1999, the Company has specified that only those shareholders registered on the register of members of the Company as at 6.00 pm on 3 March 2017 or in the event that the meeting is adjourned, on the register of members 48 hours before the time of the meeting, shall be entitled to attend and vote at the meeting in respect of the number of shares registered in their name at that relevant time. Changes to entries on the register of members after 6.00 pm on 3 March 2017, or in the event that the meeting is adjourned to a later time, on the register of members 48 hours before the time of any adjourned meeting, shall be disregarded in determining the rights of any person to attend and vote at the meeting.
- (6) The 'Abstain' option is provided to enable you to abstain on the resolutions. However, it should be noted that a vote abstained is not a vote in law and will not be counted in the calculation of the proportion of votes (For) and (Against) the resolutions.



CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors:	George Baird (Chairman) Graeme Ross (Resigned 14 October 2015) Richard Lockwood James Leahy Gary Clark (Appointed 14 October 2015)
Registered Number:	93672
Registered Address:	Ordnance House 31 Pier Road St Helier Jersey JE4 8PW
Investment Manager:	CQS Cayman Limited Partnership PO Box 309 Ugland House South Church Street George Town, KY1-1104 Grand Cayman Cayman Islands
Investment Adviser and Alternative Investment Fund Manager:	* New City Investment Managers 4th Floor One Strand London WC2N 5HR
Administrator and Company Secretary:	R&H Fund Services (Jersey) Limited Ordnance House 31 Pier Road St Helier Jersey JE4 8PW
Registrar:	Computershare Investor Services (Jersey) Limited Queensway House Hilgrove Street St Helier Jersey JE1 1ES
Custodian and Bankers:	Credit Suisse AG, Dublin Branch Kilmore House Park Lane Spencer Dock Dublin 1, Ireland
Depository:	Indos Financial Limited 25 North Row London W1K 6DJ

* Trading name for CQS (UK) LLP

CORPORATE INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Legal Advisers in Jersey:	Ogier 44 Esplanade St Helier Jersey JE4 9WG
Legal Advisers in London:	Wragge Lawrence Graham & Co LLP PO Box 180 4 More London Riverside London SE1 2AU
Independent Auditor:	KPMG Channel Islands Limited 37 Esplanade St Helier Jersey JE4 8WQ
Financial Adviser and Corporate Broker:	Cantor Fitzgerald Europe L.P. One Churchill Place Canary Wharf London E14 5RD
Stock Exchange:	The Channel Islands Securities Exchange Ltd P.O. Box 623 Helvetia Court Block B, Third Floor Les Echelons St Peter Port Guernsey GY1 1AR
Market Makers:	Winterflood Securities Cantor Fitzgerald Europe L.P. Shore Capital Stockbrokers Limited LCF Ed. De Rothschild Securities Panmure Gordon Limited Novum Securities
Website:	www.ncim.co.uk
SEDOL:	B15FW330 (Ordinary Shares)
LSE Trading Ticker:	GCL LN









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